

OUR SAN FRANCISCO LETTER.

San Francisco, November 6th, per S. S. Australia.

(From our Special Correspondent.)

Having forwarded a budget of news by the barkentine Planter on October 25th, twelve days before the departure of the Australia, my present summary begins after that, as it is more than probable that the sailing vessel will reach Honolulu before the steamer.

Points on Sugar.

The market for raw sugar has again hardened, and, on October 31st, the price advanced to 6 1/2 cents for 96 degrees. The cargoes of both the C. R. Bishop and Lady Lampton will obtain the benefit of this advance. Eastern refiners were short of supplies and had to purchase of spot stocks, but when arrivals from abroad come to hand the price will probably recede a point or two.

The San Francisco market for refined sugars commenced to decline on Oct. 25th, the reduction being 1/4 cent. On the following day there was a further reduction of 1/4 cent, and 1/2 cent on Nov. 1st, and 1/2 cent on Nov. 5th. The price for granulated is now 6 1/2 cents, for cube and crushed 7 1/2 cents.

The corner stone of the Spreckels refinery at Philadelphia was laid by Mr. A. R. Spreckels on Oct. 29th. Congressmen Noyes and Ransom, and Mr. J. C. Spreckels, the latter house is built up to the fifth story, and the brick work for the sugar house has commenced. The piers of this building are eight feet square and the walls four feet thick. About 35,000 piles are driven for each building. The boiling house will have 15,000 horse-power from Babcock and Wilcox steam boilers. The Westinghouse system of electric light will be used and the works are in course of construction.

At Watsonville some of the farmers have delivered all their beets, and the factory is running to its utmost capacity. About 400 tons of sugar have been sent to San Francisco where it appears to give satisfaction. Mr. John D. Spreckels has been there for the past week, and Judge Widemann has paid a visit to the factory.

The Louisiana sugar crop will not exceed 225,000 hogheads.

Hawaiian Commercial stock holds its own at \$35 per share. The annual meeting of the company will be held on Nov. 15.

The London Economist does not anticipate that the value of sugar will be lower for the next twelve months.

A suit was begun yesterday by Attorney General Johnson against the American Sugar Refining Company, to annul its charter on the ground that it joined an illegal body, viz: the Sugar Trust.

The Rice Market.

New Hawaiian has been coming upon the market for several weeks, and though the arrivals have been liberal, prices are well sustained. Doubtless the condition of the Carolina crop has contributed to this state of things. Eastern Rice is the only kind that comes directly into competition with Hawaiian. There is no difficulty in selling the better grades at 5c. and upwards in New York. So long as this is the case, holders of Hawaiian in this market need have no fear of competition on account of imports of Carolina from the East.

Experiments in rice culture are being made in California. Last spring Mr. L. F. Moulton planted some Carolina rice on his land on Santa Cruz, and he reports the experiment as a success. He has 6,000 acres adapted to rice and the Crocker Estate has 1,000 or more acres.

The Louisiana rice crop will be fully 20 per cent short.

The Political Situation.

The Presidential election takes precedence of everything, business included. As this, the eventful day, has approached it has become more and more apparent how great is the interest in the result. Nothing is talked about but politics. The papers are full of the same subject, and the assertions made by the organs of both parties can be taken with a very large grain of salt. Each side accuses the other of corruption, and if both are to be believed, there can be an honest vote in the whole United States. The proceedings have, so far, been generally orderly. A clash occurred in New York between colored Republicans and white Democrats in which some fifty men were wounded. On Saturday afternoon, Nov. 3d, 75,000 Republicans turned out in New York, and nearly as many Democrats in the evening. On the evening of Nov. 3d the San Francisco Democrats had a large and imposing procession, and on the following evening the Republicans turned out in force. Each procession occupied about two hours in passing a given point, but the Republicans entered in splendor and in numbers. They walked faster than the Democrats, had more men in each line and were closer together. The Democrats struggled along slowly with large spaces between their divisions. The estimates of the numbers of each, in rank, vary from 6,000 to 20,000, according to which paper was estimating. The streets were thronged with spectators and the parade of Saturday night was probably the most brilliant ever seen in San Francisco. The whole town was a blaze of light, and the handsome uniforms were seen to advantage.

It is impossible to predict who will be the next President. Indications point to a very large and close vote, the pivotal points being New York and Indiana, each party claiming them both by a large majority. The Prohibition party does not seem to have so much prominence at this election, and may be it will be largely merged back into the Republican party, whence it sprang. The Democrats may possibly capture San Francisco, but the Pacific Coast, as a whole, will, if present indications can be relied upon, go solidly Republican. The Sackville letter has, no doubt, injured Cleveland, but its effect would have been far more striking had its publication been delayed for another week or ten days; as it is the effect has almost died out. The final result will probably not be known before the end of the week, and whatever the result, the country will still be safe.

In San Francisco there is more excitement over the election of Mayor than for any other office. The running lies between Ford (Dem.), Stanley (Rep.), and the indistinguishable McDonnell. The last-named will poll a very heavy vote and may be elected. His very persistence wins him many supporters from both the regular tickets, and though the man is objectionable, it cannot be denied that he made a good corner.

The W. G. Irwin will leave here on 9th.

on 10th inst., and may carry you the final news, if she has a good run, before the Alameda can arrive.

Lord Sackville's Letter.

Probably in no campaign has anything created such a stir as the letter written by Lord Sackville to a British born American citizen. Secretary Bayard's idea was to ignore the matter because the letter was marked private. When Cleveland heard this, although he is a master in the use of language, he could not do full justice to his opinion of the Secretary of State without employing profanity of so picturesque and lurid a character that even the hardened attaches of the White House shivered.

Minister Phelps was then instructed by the President, through Bayard, to intimate to Lord Salisbury that, under all the circumstances, the President was of opinion that the good understanding of both countries would be promoted by a change at the head of the British Legation at Washington.

Letters similar to that received by Lord Sackville were sent to Sir John Tupper, Sir Joseph Chamberlain and others, but Lord Sackville was the only one who fell in the trap and answered it.

On Oct. 27th Minister Phelps conveyed to Lord Salisbury the intimation of President Cleveland, remaining at Hatfield House until Oct. 29th. On the following day a special meeting of the Cabinet was held at Washington at which a statement of the situation was submitted by Bayard, who was instructed to inform Lord Salisbury that the continuance of Lord Sackville in his official position in the United States was no longer acceptable to the Government and would be consequently detrimental to the relations between the two countries.

Lord Sackville will proceed to England on leave of absence and the Secretary of the Legation, Hon. Michael Henry Herbert, has been appointed British Charge d'Affaires at Washington. Lord Sackville has attended the races and appeared upon the streets as usual and shows no sign of being troubled about the occurrence. He is mentioned as being likely to receive promotion to St. Petersburg or to be appointed Governor-General of Canada.

Lord Salisbury will to-day make a statement, concerning the affair, in the House of Lords. The pressure from the Democratic party was too great to permit Cleveland to wait for Lord Salisbury to take action and herein the President is considered to have committed another blunder and to have insulted England. The London papers bitterly denounce Cleveland, and the Standard suggests that Minister Phelps be given his passport.

A musical manager in New York offered \$2,000 a week to Lord Sackville to hold two levees of two hours' duration for one or two weeks, also paying the expenses of his lordship and suite.

Speaking at Birmingham, Gladstone said: "That all efforts to solve the Fisheries question with the United States have been a galling failure. The Liberals did not wish to increase the difficulty, but were desirous that by a judicious choice of persons the question might be settled in a manner tending to draw both countries into closer relations. The Sackville incident was extremely unfortunate. It resulted in the infliction of a serious slight and disparagement upon England. He hoped the matter was susceptible of a satisfactory explanation. The incident ought to serve to moderate the spirit of vaunting and bragging in vogue among many Tories."

A modest advertisement in a Washington paper announces that the British Minister offers for sale his horses, carriages, sleighs, saddles, whips and the contents of the Legation stable. This is the first evidence Lord Sackville has given of his preparations for departure.

American Affairs.

President Cleveland has designated Thursday, November 29th, as Thanksgiving Day.

At Mills College 226 students have been enrolled. There are 21 from Oregon, quite a number from the East, several from Honolulu and one from Santiago, South America.

Pursued the murderer of Ralph Smith, has been mixed up in a fight over cards at Redwood city, showing his quarrelsome disposition.

A shooting scrape occurred at Fresno during the trial of a defamation suit. Eight shots were fired and two men, Hardwick and Smeone, will die.

A registered mail package has been out open and robbed between Boston and Chicago. It contained thirty-five money packages, some of which were for San Francisco.

A patent has been taken out for a new explosive called "extralite," said to be more powerful, and safer for ordinary handling, than dynamite.

F. M. Hatch of Honolulu was married on October 31st to Miss Alice Hawes, step-daughter of Colonel A. J. Hawes, of the New York Life Insurance Company. Yellow fever still continues but not so badly as heretofore. The total number of cases to date is 4,277.

Mr. Thomas Dowdell, chief officer of the S. S. Alameda, will remain in San Francisco and proceed to Philadelphia for the purpose of bringing out a new type of the Erie, that has been purchased by the Spreckels Bros. Mr. Le Sacque, second officer of the Alameda, succeeds Mr. Dowdell as chief officer.

In another tow-boat race between the Relief and the Sea Lion, the latter won by about one minute's time from the Paragon to the Oceanic Company's dock. The Sea Lion came off the dry dock on the previous day.

The present for Captain Hayward of the Mariposa, from the British Government, is a handsome silver punch bowl, in a morocco case, and suitably engraved. Colonel Donohue has asked Collector Hager to make the presentation.

Foreign Affairs.

Baron Newborough is dead.

The King of Holland is dying.

Cardinal Newman is dangerously ill.

Lord Tennyson is seriously ill from a rheumatic attack.

for grace during the year of the Papal Jubilee.

Queen Natalie has sent a formal protest against the divorce granted to King Milan by the metropolitan of Belgrade to the Greek orthodox synods of Bucharest and Athens, to the holy synod of St. Petersburg and to the ecumenical patriarch of Constantinople. King Milan has settled 1,000,000 francs on ex-Queen Natalie. The Crown Prince will be permitted to write to his mother three times weekly. The Archbishop of Carlovitz, who approved the Milan-Natalie divorce, has suddenly resigned on the plea of bad health.

Reports from Corea indicate that the declaration of independence of that country may shortly be expected. The Russian and American representatives support the King, and the movements of American and Russian men-of-war lend credibility to the rumor. English and German gunboats have been ordered to Formosa to protect the interests of the foreigners there. A rebellion has broken out among the Chinese residents against excessive taxation. Advice from Shanghai says that the King of Corea has demanded the removal of the Chinese Resident at Seoul.

A courier recently arrived at Zanzibar from Tabara, and reports that a party of Arabs met Stanley's rear guard west of Albert Nyanza last November. The rear guard was composed of thirty men. Stanley was with the advance of the expedition, two days' march ahead. The expedition had endured great suffering, and, owing to the thick forests, was unable to march much more than a mile and a quarter daily. Many members died and forty were drowned while crossing a large river. Stanley was forced to fight hostile tribes to secure provisions. Stanley's health is good. He was aiming to reach Wadelai, where he hoped to arrive within fifty days.

Sporting Matters.

Beach and Hanlan have signed articles to row for £1,000. The race is to be rowed on the Paramatta river on December 1st.

The Australian papers are talking of a new yacht now building expressly for contesting for the America cup. A challenge is to be sent to New York from the Royal Sydney Yacht Squadron.

A dispatch from Australia announces that Searl defeated Kemp in the match for the sculling championship and £500 a side on the Paramatta river. The victor, Searl, is comparatively a new man. He has rowed three races within the past five months, defeating Wulf, Nielson and Stansbury. In his race with the latter he rowed the course in 19m. 35s. He is only 20 years of age, and his backers declared themselves willing to bet \$25,000 on the result of his race with Kemp.

Spaulding's baseball teams have arrived and played their first match in San Francisco on Sunday, November 4th, the All-Americans winning. The party comprises thirty-six people including representatives of the Eastern press. They will leave for Honolulu by the Alameda on the 17th inst. The positions of the two teams, in their first match, were as follows:

Chicagoes.	Positions.	All-Americans.
Baldwin	Pitcher	Crane
Danly	Catcher	Kelly
Amson	First base	Wood
Eyster	Second base	Manning
Burns	Third base	Pogarty
Williamson	Shortstop	Ward
Pettit	Right-field	Brown
Ryan	Center-field	Hanlon
Sullivan	Left-field	Carroll

The Samoan Situation.

A South German paper published a letter from a correspondent aboard the gunboat Adler, holding Americans entirely responsible for the bloodshed in Samoa in August.

The correspondent declares that an American man-of-war furnished the firearms to the Samoans who attacked the British. Advice from Samoa says that Tamaese has retired inland and Malietoa, master of the situation. The British Admiral (Fairfax) has conferred with the foreign Consuls and declared portions of the capital and outskirts neutral territory.

The friends of Malietoa, the deposed King of Samoa, are strong in the hope of restoring him to his dignity, now that his successor, Tamaese, has in his turn come to grief. His Majesty rejoices in a loyal representative, Mr. Reese, who is in England doing his best to bring the wrongs and claims of his client before the English people. Mr. Reese, who was formerly a member of the New Zealand Parliament, has an article on the question of Samoa in the November number of the Nineteenth Century.

Whaling News.

The whaling bark J. A. Howland reports that thirteen vessels of the whaling fleet had been caught in the ice and would not be able to get out until after the winter. Great excitement was created and arrangements made to send the Bear and Thetis to rescue the 500 men who were frozen in near Herald Island. The Canadian Government also offered to send a relief vessel. The steam whaler Thrasher arrived later, with the welcome news that storms in the Arctic had broken up the ice and enabled the whalers to get clear to sea. The Kosario schooner, and many others of the ice-bound vessels, have since arrived. The catch of the fleet is 154 whales, as follows: Orna 16, Balana 10, Hunter 8, Andrew Hicks 8, Eliza 7, Narwhal 7, Belvedere 7, Mars 7, Sean 7, Sea Breeze 7, William Baylies 7, Rosario 6, Lancer 6, J. P. West 5, Thrasher 5, Hidalgo 3, Jesse H. Freeman 3, Grampus 3, Ohio II 3, Belvidere 3, Lucetta 2, Abram Barker 2, Bounding Billow 2, Ohio I, Lapola 1, J. A. Hamilton I, Wanderer clean, Triton clean.

Tales of the Sea.

On Oct. 30th news was received that a bark was almost ashore off Point Reyes. The tug Neptune put out on a rescue and towed the vessel to the north and saved the distressed vessel out of her perilous position and towed her safely into port. The bark proved to be the C. R. Bishop from Honolulu. She became becalmed and drifted toward the dangerous reef. The bark came into port undamaged.

Reports have been received of the loss of the barkentine Makah near Astoria. She left Port Discovery on October 6th for Melbourne with 800,000 feet of lumber, and with fair weather should have been near Honolulu by this time. Lord Sackville is of the opinion that the vessel was captured in mid-ocean and drifted into Tillamook. She had twelve men on board—Captain Larsen, two mates, a cook and eight men before the mast, all of whom are given up as lost. The barkentine was valued at \$40,000 and was insured for \$15,000. The cargo is thought to have been fully insured.

The following is the latest shipping news:

SAN FRANCISCO—Arrivals: Oct. 27th, S. S. Arabic, 8 days; Oct. 27th, S. S. Alameda, 6 days, 21 hours, both from Honolulu; brig Lurline, 15 days from Hilo; brig W. G. Irwin, 16 days from Honolulu; Oct. 31st, S. S. Australia, 7 1/2 days; bark C. R. Bishop, 25 days; Nov. 2d, bark Lady Lampton, 22 days, all from Honolulu.

Departures: Oct. 25th, bark Planter for Honolulu; Nov. 1st, brig Consuelo for Honolulu; to sail Nov. 6th, S. S. Australia and bark S. N. Castle for Honolulu.

Projected departures from San Francisco: Brig Lurline for Hilo about Nov. 13th; brig Geo. H. Douglas for Kahului about Nov. 8th; bark Discovery about Nov. 9th; brig W. G. Irwin about Nov. 9th; bark Lady Lampton.

SYDNEY: Oct. 29th, bark Alex McNeil, from San Francisco.

AUCKLAND: Nov. 5th, S. S. Mariposa, from Honolulu.

The barks Ceylon and Jas. A. King are loading at the Sound for Honolulu.

Advertisements.

GRAND BAZAR

Under the Patronage of

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

THE "AHAAHI HOOLU AND HOOLA LA" society will open their grand bazar, for the benefit of the Society.

Wednesday, Jan. 23, 1889.

At the Honolulu Rifles' Armory.

At MANAMA (cor. Beretani & Punchbowl Sts.).

Ladies and gentlemen wishing to assist in a charitable work are kindly requested to send their contributions to the rooms adjoining the Chamberlain's office.

GRACE KAHALAWAI, Secretary.
Honolulu, Oct. 17, 1888. 25 121-3m*

TO ARRIVE!

Rock Salt for Cattle!

A Few Tons Still Undisposed of.

Apply Early,
Theo. H. Davies & Co.
[121-41]

THE SHIP

Has just arrived with another
Cargo of

NEW GOODS!

FOR

H. HACKFELD & CO.
Honolulu, Nov. 2, 1888. 1245-1m

HOME BRED MULES

FOR SALE!
BROKEN OR UNBROKEN.

A FEW CHOICE MULES,
A ranging from 5 to 10 years, bred from the Superior Imported Jack O'HELLLO.
FOR SALE BY
Kawailoa Ranch Co.
1245-2m

CHRISTMAS GOODS!

TOYS,

DOLLS,

BONBONS

FANCY VASES,

GLASSWARE!

RUGS,

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR

CARDS.

FOR SALE BY
Theo. H. Davies & Co.
[1244-2]

THERMOMETERS!

Manufacture by

Chas. Wilder.

Range limited to suit our climate by our order. Figures and spaces large and clear. The Smithsonian Institute send out the most common of Wilder's Instruments as standards.

CASTLE & COOKE.

Ten Dollars Reward.
THE ABOVE REWARD WILL BE PAID ON conviction of any person found stealing the DAILY ADVERTISER or "Weekly Gazette" from the premises of advertisement.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.
Honolulu, March 5, 1888.

General Advertisements.

Boston Board of Underwriters.
AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands,
1210 ly C. BREWER & CO.

Philadelphia Board of Underwriters
AGENTS for the Hawaiian Islands,
1210 ly C. BREWER & CO.

HAMBURG - - - BREMEN
Fire Insurance Company.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company, are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings, and on Merchandise stored therein, on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHARF & CO. 1197 ly

GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.
For Sea, River & Land Transport
-OF DRESDEN-

Having established an Agency at Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned General Agents, are authorized to take
Risks against the Danger of the Seas
-AT THE-
Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.

F. A. SCHARF & CO. Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.
1202 ly

Insurance Notice

The Agent for the British Foreign Marine Insurance Company (Limited) has received instructions to Reduce the Rates of Insurance between Honolulu and Ports in the Pacific, and is now prepared to issue Policies at the lowest rates, with a special reduction on freight per steamer.

THEO. H. DAVIES, 1197 ly Agent Brit. For. Mar. Ins. Co. Limited.

Mutual Life Insurance Company,
-OF NEW YORK-
CASH ASSETS DEC. 31, 1887. - \$118,806,851.88

42 Policies issued on the Life, Term Life and Endowment Plan.

S. B. ROSE, General Agent Hawaiian Islands.
1212 ly

The Hartford Fire Insurance Co.
-HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT-
(INCORPORATED 1810.)

Total Asst Jan. 1, 1888, \$5,288,643.97.

Having established an agency at Honolulu for the Hawaiian Islands, the undersigned is prepared to accept risks against fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture, Machinery, on the most favorable terms. Losses promptly adjusted and payable here.

C. O. BERGER, 1029 6m Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS - - - ATLANTIC
Fire Insurance Company,
-OF HAMBURG-

Capital of the Co. and Reserve, Reichs marks..... 6,000,000
Capital their Re-Insurance Companies 1,600,000

Total.....Reichsmark 7,600,000

NORTH GERMAN
Fire Insurance Company,
-OF HAMBURG-

Capital of the Co. & Reserve Reichs marks..... 8,800,000
Capital their Re-Insurance Companies 35,000,000

Total.....Reichsmark 43,800,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above three companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, &c., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO. 1199 ly

Metropolitan Market

King Street.

Choicest Meats
-FROM-
Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Prop.

FAMILIES AND SHIPPING
SUPPLIED ON SHORT NOTICE

-AND AT THE-
Lowest Market Prices.

All Meats delivered from this Market are thoroughly chilled immediately after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman Patent Dry Air Refrigerator. Meat so treated retains all its juicy properties, and is guaranteed to keep longer after delivery than freshly-killed meat.

1206 3m

Wing Wo Tai & Co.

Chinese, Japanese, American and European Goods.

By late arrivals have received fresh stocks in All kinds of Tea, White and Colored Mattings, Japanese Screens, Flower Pots, Camphor Trunks, White Silks,

Pongee Silk, Silk Handkerchiefs, Mantle, Cigars, best quality, etc. 1228-1f

E. G. HITCHCOCK,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office at HILLO, HAWAII.

607 N. B. - BILLS PROMPTLY COLLECTED. 708 [1212 ly]

General Advertisements.

HAMBURG—MAGDEBURG
Fire Insurance Company,
-OF HAMBURG-

BUILDINGS, MERCHANDISE, FURNITURE and Machinery Insured against Fire on the most favorable terms.

A. JAEGER, 1200 ly Agent for the Hawaiian Islands.

ORIENT

Insurance Company
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

CASH ASSETS JAN 1ST, 1884 : - \$1,418,984.41

Takes risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Machinery and Furniture on favorable terms.

A. JAEGER, 1212 ly Agent for Hawaiian Islands.

FORTUNA

General Insurance Company,
-OF BERLIN-

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take
Risks against the Danger of the Seas
at the Most Reasonable Rates, and on the Most Favorable Terms.

1212 ly F. A. SCHARF & CO., General Agents.

WASHINGTON
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.,
OF BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS.

Cash Assets Jan. 1st, 1884 - - \$1,595,560.34

Takes Risks against Loss or Damage by Fire on Buildings, Merchandise, Machinery and Furniture on favorable terms.

A. JAEGER, 1212 ly Agent for Hawaiian